# PRESCIENT GLOBAL BALANCED FEEDER FUND (A2)

# MINIMUM DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT & GENERAL INVESTOR REPORT

#### INVESTMENT AND RETURN OBJECTIVE

The Fund aims to achieve long term capital growth appreciation over a full market cycle by maintaining meaningful exposure to growth assets like equities, with returns converted to rands.

#### INVESTMENT PROCESS

The Fund invests in a diversified portfolio of global equity securities, debt and debt-related securities, money market instruments and global currencies. The Fund can invest directly or indirectly (through the use of Regulated Funds or derivatives) in these asset classes.

#### WHO SHOULD INVEST

Investors seeking capital growth and a hedge against Rand depreciation by having exposure to a diversified mix of offshore assets. The Fund is suitable for investors with a medium to long-term investment horizon who wishes to invest in a rand denominated fund

#### RISK INDICATOR DEFINITION

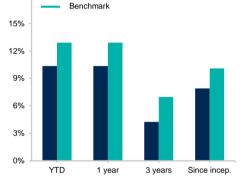
Fund

These portfolios typically exhibit more volatility and potential for capital losses due to higher exposure to equities and exposure to offshore markets where currency fluctuations may result in capital losses. These portfolios typically target returns in the region of 5% - 6% above inflation over the long term.

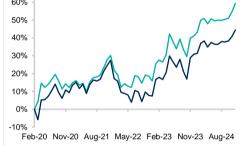
# **RISK INDICATOR**

18%





ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)



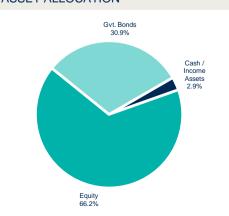
# ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)

	Fund	Benchmark			
1 year	10.35	12.90			
3 years	4.25	6.97			
Since incep.	7.89	10.09			
Highest rolling 1 year	21.75	26.00			
Lowest rolling 1 year	-15.66	-10.93			

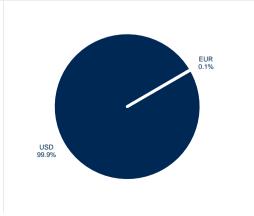
# **RISK AND FUND STATS**

Since inception (p.a.)					
	Fund	Benchmark			
Alpha	-2.20%				
Sharpe Ratio	0.16	0.36			
Standard Deviation	13.52%	12.03%			
Max Drawdown	-18.43%	-13.72%			
Max Gain	11.84%	9.87%			
% Positive Months	56.90%	60.34%			

# **ASSET ALLOCATION**



# **CURRENCY EXPOSURE**



# Prescient

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

**31 DECEMBER 2024** 

## ABOUT THE FUND

#### Fund Manager:

Prescient Balanced Team

#### **Fund Classification:**

Global - Multi Asset - High Equity

#### Benchmark:

40% MSCI World Index 30% US Treasuries 25% MSCI Emerging Market Index 5% US Cash

#### JSE Code:

PRGFA2

#### ISIN:

ZAE000284170

# **Fund Size:**

R10.2 m

# No of Units:

5.937.365

# Unit Price (cpu):

145.53

# **Inception Date:**

29 February 2020

# **Minimum Investment:**

R10 000 lump-sum R1 000 per month

#### **Initial Fee:**

0.00%

## **Annual Management Fee:**

0.22% (excl VAT)

## Fee Class:

(All performance figures are net of TIC)

# Fee Breakdown:

Total Investment Charge (TIC)			
Transaction Costs (TC)	0.00%		
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	2.06%		
Other Fees*	1.84%		
Performance Fees	0.00%		
Management Fee	0.22%		

\*Other fees includes underlying fee (where applicable): Audit Fees, Custody Fees, Trustee Fees and VAT

#### **Income Distribution:**

Does not distribute

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#### **FUND MONTHLY RETURNS**

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD
2020			-5.88%	11.84%	0.11%	1.88%	2.89%	3.23%	-4.16%	-2.84%	4.33%	-1.33%	9.33%
2021	3.83%	1.44%	-3.02%	2.06%	-4.51%	4.63%	2.23%	-0.49%	0.78%	3.84%	2.86%	2.19%	16.55%
2022	-8.03%	-1.23%	-5.39%	-0.63%	-0.69%	-3.82%	6.37%	-0.84%	-4.83%	5.15%	-1.75%	-0.30%	-15.66%
2023	8.54%	1.11%	-1.10%	3.39%	7.71%	-2.61%	-2.33%	3.56%	-5.28%	-3.49%	10.21%	1.50%	21.75%
2024	0.33%	4.32%	0.97%	-2.46%	1.95%	-0.83%	0.05%	1.07%	-0.13%	0.39%	1.87%	2.52%	10.35%

Source: Performance calculated by Prescient Fund Services verified by the FSP Date: 31 December 2024

#### **FUND COMMENTARY**

The year 2024 proved highly rewarding for equity investors, especially those in U.S. markets. Major benchmarks like the S&P 500 Total Return Index delivered gains of just over 25%, fuelled by a rally in tech stocks and optimism surrounding President-elect Donald Trump's progrowth, America-first policies. The tech-heavy Nasdaq outperformed, surging by 29.6%. Japan's Nikkei 225 claimed the second spot, climbing 19.2%, supported by a weaker yen and the Bank of Japan's ongoing low-interest-rate policy. This followed a strong 28% gain in 2023. In contrast, many investors entered the year with a cautious outlook on Chinese equities due to a sharp downturn in January, driven by a property crisis and a slowing economy. However, from September onward, improving investor sentiment led to a robust recovery. The Shanghai Composite and Hong Kong's Hang Seng Index rallied by 12.7% and 16.3%, respectively. Turning to Europe, Germany's DAX posted an impressive 18.9% gain, while the UK's FTSE 100 advanced by 9.7%. France's CAC 40, however, lagged behind, eking out gains of less than 1% as political instability weighed on performance.

In December, the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) reduced its overnight borrowing rate to a target range of 4.25%-4.5%, returning to the level last seen in December 2022. Heading into 2024, market sentiment appeared overly optimistic about the extent of the U.S. Federal Reserve's interest rate-cutting cycle. By the end of 2023, markets had priced in over 150 basis points (bps) of cuts, but only 100 bps ultimately materialised. The U.S. Treasury Index delivered a lacklustre return of just 0.6% in 2024, with most of the gains from rate-cut anticipation occurring in Q4 2023 as the market priced in the cuts. Despite its modest performance, the U.S. Treasury Index still outperformed the broader global bonds market, as proxied by the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index, which returned -1.7%.

Looking ahead to 2025, the Fed signalled plans for only two rate cuts during the year, according to its closely watched "dot plot" matrix of individual members' future rate expectations. This represents a halving of the four cuts projected in the September update. Assuming quarterpoint reductions, the Fed also indicated plans for two additional cuts in 2026 and one more in 2027. Over the longer term, the committee sees the "neutral" federal funds rate stabilising at 3%.

The Fund currently maintains a neutral allocation to both developed and emerging market equities, while its view on US Treasuries has shifted to moderately negative.

The Fund was negative for the month as both developed and emerging markets sold off towards the end of the month.

# PRESCIENT GLOBAL BALANCED FEEDER FUND (A2)

#### **GLOSSARY**

Annualised performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest performance: The highest and lowest performance for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Current Yield: Annual income (interest or dividends) divided by the current price of the security.

CPU: Cents Per Unit to the Glossary

Alpha: Denotes the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month.

% Positive Month: The percentage of months since inception where the Fund has delivered positive return.

#### **Fund Specific Risks**

Default Risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

Developing Market (excluding SA) risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

Foreign Investment risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest rate risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

% Property risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Currency exchange risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Derivative counterparty risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

Equity investment risk: Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

# Information Disclosure

The portfolio has adhered to its policy objective and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio during the quarter.

# PRESCIENT GLOBAL BALANCED FEEDER FUND (A2)

## **DISCLAIMER**

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long-term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. During the phase in period TERs do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction cost is a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. A Feeder Fund is a portfolio that invests in a s

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third-party-named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 11:00 (SA) for money market funds and the Prescient Optimised Income Fund and by or before 13:00 for all other funds, to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut-off time, Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers, including actual initial and all ongoing fees, with income reinvested on the reinvestment date. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

Please refer to https://www.prescient.co.za/data-and-price-information-service-provider-disclaimer for all Data and Price Information Source Disclaimers.

For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to <a href="www.prescient.co.za">www.prescient.co.za</a>

# **CONTACT DETAILS**

#### Management Company:

Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd., Registration number: 2002/022560/07 Physical address: Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto Close, Westlake, 7945 Postal address: PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966 Telephone number: 0800 111 899 E-mail: info@prescient.co.za Website: www.prescient.co.za

# Trustee:

Nedbank Investor Services, **Physical address:** 2nd Floor, 16 Constantia Boulevard, Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort, 1709 **Telephone number:** +27 11 534 6557 **Website:** www.nedbank.co.za

The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and Investments SA.

# Investment Manager:

Prescient Investment Management (Pty) Ltd, Registration number: 1998/023640/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (FSP 612) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision. Physical address: Block B, Silverwood, Silverwood Lane, Steenberg Office Park. Tokai. 7945 Postal address: PO Box 31142. Tokai 7966 Telephone number: +27 21 700 3600 Website:www.prescient.co.za

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