PRESCIENT SIGMA SELECT GLOBAL LEADERS FEEDER FUND

Fund Objective

The fund will, apart from assets in liquid form, consist solely of participatory interest in the approved, Sigma Select Global Leaders Fund under the Prescient Global Funds ICAV, an open ended umbrella fund with segregated liability between funds, domiciled in Ireland. The investment objective of the underlying fund is to outperform the Benchmark, as measured by the MSCI ACWI, over the long term. The underlying fund will seek to achieve its objective primarily through investing of up to 100% of its net assets in global equities which are listed or traded on Recognised Exchanges, or subject to the investment restrictions set out in the supplement.

Fund Strategy

The Fund capital is allocated to a carefully considered blend of independently managed global and specialist equity strategies.

The Fund is constructed by optimally blending the various manager styles and strategies to achieve the return target over the long-term.

A rigorous investment process underpins the identification and selection of managers according to their key strengths and specialisation.

These managers include the best active stock-pickers that the fund manager has encountered globally and they all have long term track-records of successfully generating superior returns for their investors.

Each manager is constantly assessed relative to their appropriate benchmarks and must consistently comply with the fund manager's stringent due diligence criteria.

The Fund exposure is constantly monitored and reviewed, and may be adjusted from time to time, having regard to the prevailing market conditions.

Fund Information

Fund Size	R269.25 mil
Unit Price	R1.82
Units in Class	302 702
Fund Class	A1
Portfolio Manager	Jonathan Selby
Risk Profile	High
Benchmark	MSCI AC World Index
Minimum Investment	Lump Sum : R5 000
	Debit Order : R500 p.m.
ISIN	ZAE000277349
ASISA Classification	Global - Equity - General
Fund Domicile	South Africa
Fund Currency	ZAR
Dealing Frequency	Each Business Day
Pricing Frequency ¹	Each Business Day
JSE Code	PRSFA1
Inception Date	2019/09/16
Portfolio Category	SA Unit Trust
Distributions	Annual
Distribution History	None

¹ Prices are available from sources such as www.profile.co.za, directly from Prescient Management Company or Ginsburg & Selby Private Wealth.

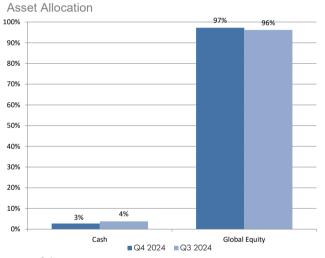
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: Nedbank Investor Services
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Roodepoort, 1709
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: www.nedbank.co.za

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Top Holdings	% of Portfolio
Egerton Capital Equity Fund	18.75%
Veritas Izoard Fund	18.65%
Metropolis Value Fund	16.07%
Orbis Global Equity Fund	9.56%
Lindsell Train Global Equity Fund	9.53%
Lyrical US Value Fund	7.51%
Sands Capital Global Growth Fund	7.40%
Contrarius Global Equity Fund	7.18%
Prusik Asian Equity Income Fund	4.88%
Cash	0.48%

Fees (Incl. VAT)	A1 Class (%)
Underlying UCITS Fund	1.21%
Manco Fee %	0.16%
Fund Manager (GSPW) Fee %	0.58%
Other Fees	0.07%
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	2.01%
Transaction Costs (TC)	0.02%
Total Investment Charges	2.03%



Portfolio Management

The Fund manager is Ginsburg & Selby Private Wealth (Pty) Ltd, FSP Licence No. 42594, an Authorised Financial Services Provider under the South African Financial Sector Conduct Authority and approved by the Central Bank of Ireland as an manager of Irish Authorised Investment Funds. The Fund operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

Ginsburg & Selby Private Wealth (Pty) Ltd FSP License No: 42594

Physical Address: Belmont Square, Belmont Road, Cape Town, 7700

Tel: +27 (21) 685 6364 Email: sigma@ginsburg.co.za Website: www.ginsburg.co.za

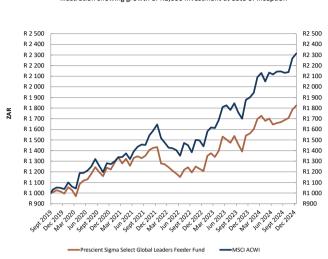
Management Company:

management company.				
Name	: Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd			
Registration number	: 2002/022560/07			
Physical address	: Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto Close,			
	Westlake, 7945			
Postal address	: PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966			
Telephone number	: 0800 111 899			
E-mail address	: info@prescient.co.za			
Website	: <u>www.prescient.co.za</u>			



PRESCIENT SIGMA SELECT GLOBAL LEADERS FEEDER FUND

Cumulative Return	Fund	MSCI ACWI
1 Year Return	16.94%	21.77%
3 Year Return	27.40%	40.58%
Inception	82.48%	131.35%
Annualised Return	Fund	MSCI ACWI
1 Year Return	16.94%	21.77%
3 Year Return	8.41%	12.02%
Inception	12.03%	17.16%
Highest & Lowest Returns	Fund	MSCI ACWI
Highest 1-year Return	31.82%	35.07%
Lowest 1-year Return	-15.63%	-12.54%
Risk Statistics (3-Year Rolling)	Fund	MSCI ACWI
Standard Deviation	16.03%	15.73%
Maximum Drawdown	-19.63%	-17.85%
Sharpe Ratio	0.07	
Information Ratio	-0.59	



¹ The investment performance is for illustrative purposes only. The investment performance is calculated by taking the actual initial fees and all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown and income is reinvested on the reinvestment date.

Data Source : Reuters Datastream / Morningstar

Quarterly Commentary - Q4 2024

Global equity markets experienced a volatile fourth quarter, resulting in divergent performances across regions. The MSCI All Country World Index declined by -0.9% in US\$, taking the 2024 calendar year return to +18.0%.

The U.S. equity market was the standout performer, underpinned by growing confidence in an economic "soft landing" scenario and increased market stability following the presidential election. The S&P 500 Index increased by +2.4% in the fourth quarter, culminating in a robust calendar year return of +25.0% in US\$.

The robust performance of the U.S. equity market, which holds a significant weighting in global indices, masked pronounced weaknesses in other regions. Heightened political uncertainty and escalating trade concerns following the U.S. presidential outcome contributed to a -7.5 % decline in the MSCI AC World ex-USA Index during the quarter in US\$. Emerging markets faced similar pressures, with the MSCI Emerging Market Index falling -7.8%, reducing its year-to-date return to +8.1%

The Sigma Select Global Leaders Fund marginally underperformed the MSCI ACWI during the quarter, delivering a return of -1.6% and taking the 2024 calendar year return to +12.9%. Key contributors to performance included the Sands Capital Growth Fund and the Contrarius Global Equity Fund, which achieved returns of +5.3% and +5.2%, respectively. In contrast, the Prusik Asian Equity Income Fund and the Orbis Global Equity Fund underperformed, with returns of -8.6% and -6.2%, respectively, largely due to the limited exposure to the U.S. equity market.

Year-on-year inflation rates in the major developed markets ticked up slightly during the quarter but continue to hover near the targets set by the major central banks. In the United States, headline inflation concluded the year at 2.7%, while the Eurozone and United Kingdom recorded rates of 2.2% and 2.6%, respectively.

Labour market and manufacturing dynamics showed mixed signals, with notable volatility in the United States. October's non-farm payrolls added just 36,000 jobs, the lowest since 2020, but November rebounded with 227,000 jobs, exceeding expectations. The US unemployment rate ended at 4.2%, while wage growth remained strong at 5.8% year-over-year, supporting consumer confidence. Manufacturing faced ongoing challenges, with the US PMI falling to 49.3 in December, indicating contraction, and Eurozone PMI declining to 45.1, signalling deeper weakness. The UK showed relative resilience with a PMI of 50.5, pointing to modest expansion despite Brexit-related pressures and broader headwinds.

With inflation nearing Central Bank targets and economic data showing signs of softening, monetary policy remained a focal point during the quarter. The Federal Reserve (FED) implemented two 0.25% rate cuts, lowering the target federal funds rate range to 4.25%-4.50%. However, the December Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) meeting signalled a more measured approach to monetary accommodation for 2025, tempering expectations for aggressive monetary easing in the year ahead.

In the Eurozone, the European Central Bank (ECB) maintained its gradual rate reduction strategy, aiming to bring the deposit rate down to 2.5% by the third quarter of 2025, from the current level of 3.5%. Similarly, the Bank of England reduced its benchmark rate by 0.25%, reinforcing efforts to stimulate economic activity amid a challenging macroeconomic environment.

Valuation disparities across sectors and regions within the MSCI ACWI remain significant. The U.S. equity market's extraordinary performance has resulted in potential valuation concerns, with the S&P 500's price-to-earnings ratio reaching 25 times earnings, a level observed only 7% of the time in the last 25 years. For meaningful valuation normalization, corporate earnings (at index level) would require sustained growth of approximately 6-11% annually for the next 5 years, a challenging trajectory given the economic uncertainties.

Importantly, the dominant weighting of U.S. equities in the MSCI ACWI obscures compelling opportunities in other regions. The MSCI ACWI ex-US trades at 14.6 times earnings, modestly below its 15.4 times historical average and at a significant 40% discount to the S&P 500. While these regions have many challenges, valuations in certain markets appear to have priced in much of this negativity, suggesting that a potential shift in sentiment could provide a tailwind for future outperformance.

Looking ahead, we believe that the Fund's selective exposure to some of these markets outside of the US offers attractive return potential with a greater margin of safety. The Fund remains well diversified across regions, with an underweight to the U.S. equity market, particularly the large-cap technology companies.

The portfolio has adhered to its policy objective as stated in the supplemental deed.



Illustration showing growth of R1,000 investment at date of inception ¹

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Risk and Reward Profile of the Fund

The risk indicator is determined using historical data or, where historical data is not available, using simulated historical data. Historical data, such as is used in calculating the synthetic indicator, may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund. The risk category shown is not a target or a guarantee and may change over time. A category 1 fund is not risk free - the risk of loss is however small and the chance of making gains may also be limited. With a category 7 fund, the risk of losing money is high but so is the possibility of making gains. The risk indicator for the Fund is set at 5 as this reflects the market risk arising from proposed investments.

Lower	Risk	Higher Risl				ıer Risk
← Typically lower rewards				Typically Higher Reward		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

The Fund does not offer any capital guarantee or assurance that the investor will receive a fixed amount when redeeming.

Fund Specific Risks

In addition to the risk captured by the indicator above, the overall Fund value may be considerably affected by:

- Default risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments (e.g. bonds) may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.
- Derivatives risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.
- Developing Market (excluding SA) risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.
- Foreign Investment risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.
- Interest rate risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.
- Property risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.
- Currency exchange risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.
- Geographic / Sector risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.
- Derivative counterparty risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.
- Liquidity risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.
- Equity investment risk: Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Please refer to the "Risk Factors" sections of the Prospectus and the Supplement for further information - see under "Practical Information" for how to obtain a copy.



PRESCIENT SIGMA SELECT GLOBAL LEADERS FEEDER FUND

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Disclaimer

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long-term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third-party-named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 13:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

Glossary Summary

Annualised Performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1-year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest and Lowest return: The highest and lowest returns for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe Ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk-free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month.

%Positive Month: The percentage of months since inception where the fund has delivered positive return.

Volatility: Volatility is a statistical measure of the dispersion of returns for a given security or market index.

Feeder Fund: A Feeder Fund is a portfolio that invests in a single portfolio of a collective investment scheme which levies its own charges, and which could result in a higher fee structure for the feeder fund.

