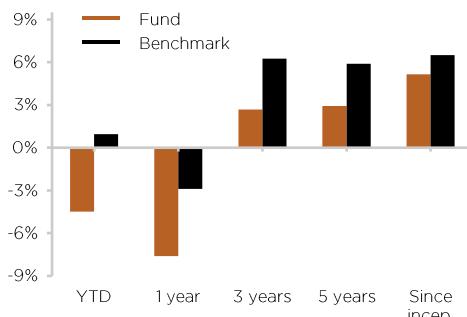
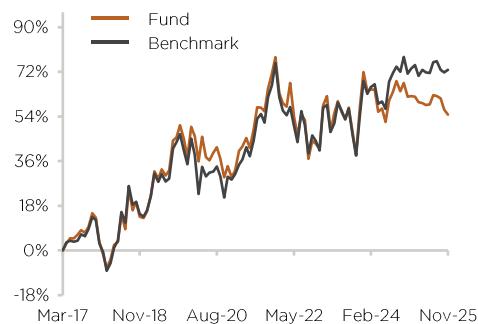


**Investment Objective**

The Fairtree Global Real Estate Prescient Feeder Fund aims to provide access to high quality, international real estate assets that should benefit from capital appreciation while also delivering solid foreign dividends. The fund aims to outperform its benchmark by analyzing the central economic and political drivers in the various geographies, identifying global property sector trends and studying the specific physical property market and equity fundamentals.

Investment Policy

The portfolio has a long term focus, and is well diversified across geographic regions, currencies, real estate sectors and stocks. We will combine our top-down fundamental property market research with rigorous statistical valuation analysis using our proprietary models. We aim to lower portfolio volatility by adjusting the stocks and cash levels actively, while still outperforming our benchmark. We practice active risk management on a portfolio, sector and stock basis including the dynamic use of targets and stops. The fund will invest primarily in real estate equities in the United States, Japan, Hong Kong, Singapore, Australia, Europe and the UK.

RISK INDICATOR**ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)****CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE**

Source: Performance calculated by Prescient Fund Services verified by the FSP
Date: 30 November 2025

ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 year	-7.62	-2.90
3 years	2.67	6.25
5 years	2.93	5.90
Since incep.	5.16	6.51
Highest rolling 1 year	37.32	38.12
Lowest rolling 1 year	-20.74	-20.08

All performance figures are net of fees.

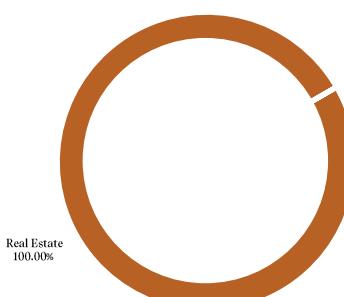
RISK AND FUND STATS

Since inception (p.a.)	Fund	Benchmark
Alpha	-1.35%	
Sharpe Ratio	-0.06	0.00
Sortino Ratio	-0.11	
Information Ratio	-0.18	
Standard Deviation	17.04%	16.50%
Max Drawdown	-23.03%	-21.20%
Max Gain	14.89%	13.32%
% Positive Months	50.48%	56.19%

Benchmark risk statistics for funds with intra-month inception dates are calculated using the monthly return series.

ASSET ALLOCATION (%)

	S.A	Foreign	Total
Cash	0.58	8.26	8.84
Property	0.00	91.16	91.16
Total	0.58	99.42	100.00

EQUITY SECTOR EXPOSURE**FUND INFORMATION****Fund Manager:**

Rob Hart

Fund Classification:

Global - Real Estate - General

Benchmark:

FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Net TRI (ZAR) Lag

JSE Code:

FGREA1

ISIN Number:

ZAE000243390

Regulation 28 Compliant:

N/A

Fund Size:

R304 m

No of Units:

15,152,108

Unit Price:

151.06

Inception Date:

March 2017

Minimum Investment:

R50 000 lump-sum
R1 000 per month

Initial Fee:

0.00%

Annual Management Fee:

1.25% (excl. VAT)

Performance Fee:

N/A

Fee Class:

A1

Fee Breakdown:

Management Fee	1.25%
Performance Fees	N/A
Other Fees*	0.38%
Total Expense Ratio	1.63%
Transaction Costs	0.03%
Total Investment Charge	1.66%

*Other fees includes underlying fee (where applicable): Audit Fees, Custody Fees, Trustee Fees and VAT

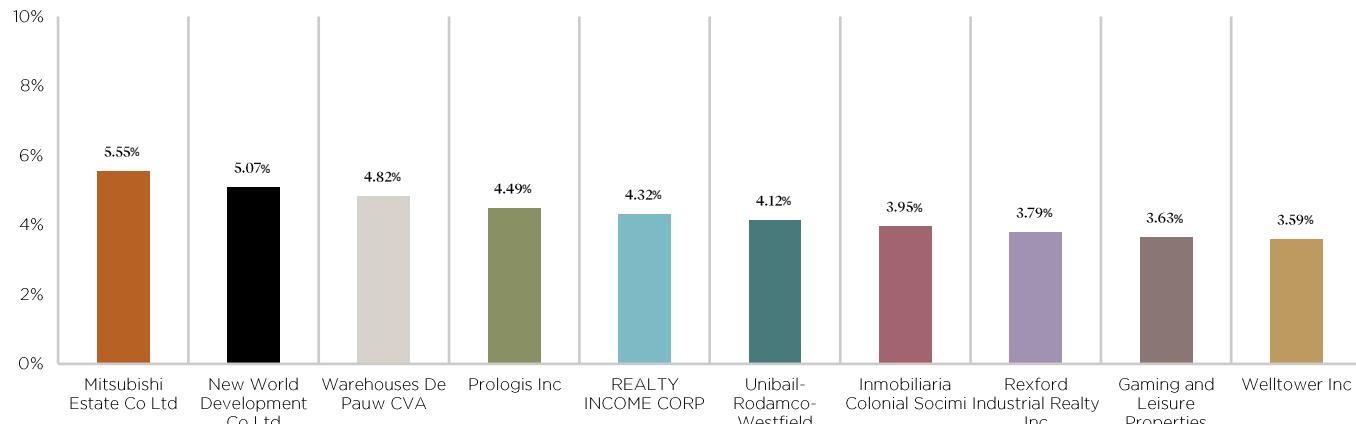
TIC Fees are calculated in respect of 12 months ending before 30 September 2025

Income Distribution:

31 March 2025 - 0 cpa



TOP 10 HOLDINGS



FUND MONTHLY RETURNS

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD
2017			2.81%	2.07%	-0.15%	1.58%	1.61%	-0.92%	2.21%	4.97%	-1.50%	-8.71%	3.38%
2018	-4.96%	-5.52%	3.91%	5.95%	1.16%	10.99%	-5.33%	14.89%	-6.92%	3.06%	-5.11%	-0.43%	9.42%
2019	2.34%	5.61%	7.87%	-2.21%	2.87%	-1.86%	1.51%	9.23%	0.89%	3.32%	-3.70%	-5.04%	21.67%
2020	8.93%	-2.56%	-6.98%	7.34%	-5.66%	-0.95%	2.24%	1.58%	-3.26%	-5.46%	3.46%	-3.25%	-5.85%
2021	1.99%	5.99%	1.34%	2.38%	-2.73%	5.26%	5.98%	-0.10%	-0.96%	5.99%	3.58%	3.86%	37.32%
2022	-8.06%	-2.59%	-0.82%	5.98%	-8.07%	-4.95%	5.85%	-1.55%	-10.20%	5.25%	-0.81%	-1.37%	-20.74%
2023	12.37%	2.39%	-8.89%	5.09%	3.14%	-2.81%	-1.75%	2.97%	-6.28%	-6.08%	14.02%	8.77%	21.94%
2024	-4.44%	0.35%	-0.07%	-5.36%	0.83%	-3.46%	5.67%	2.17%	2.70%	-2.43%	2.02%	-3.28%	-5.77%
2025	0.14%	-0.14%	-1.35%	-0.28%	-0.48%	0.16%	2.33%	-0.24%	-0.50%	-2.86%	-1.29%		-4.49%

MARKET COMMENTARY

In November, the underlying fund was up 47bps, underperforming the benchmark by 157bps. The underperformance was driven by the third bite of the apple, namely stock selection, which detracted from performance by 229bps. The first and second bites of the apple, namely region and sector allocation, aided performance by 69bps. We held more cash than usual this month at 7% on the back of our concern over fundamentals, valuations and higher volatility. The Fed cut rates at the end of October, with further cuts being pushed out to 2026 and beyond. November proved to be a better month, relatively, for property stocks as they outperformed the global equity index and the S&P 500. We remain geographically overweight in Asia and underweight in the US.

The best-performing region this month was Japan, with the developers up 12% and the REITs up 2%. We remain overweight Japan as equities there benefit from the weak Yen and higher inflation. Hong Kong remains our most overweight region, and the HK developers were up 6%, while the HK REITs, where we have no exposure, were down 8%. We are neutral Singapore, where developers were up 2%, and REITs were flat. US REITs performed in line with the global index. We are our most underweight in this region, given political uncertainty, less attractive yields and stable to weak fundamentals. After HK REITs, Australia is the second weakest region, down 4%, where we remain underweight as valuations are full and interest rates are unlikely to fall further given stubbornly high inflation.

The best-performing US sector was healthcare, up 11%, led by senior housing stocks where demand is strong as the elderly population grows rapidly. Lodging was the second-best sector, up 9%, where we still have no exposure given weak fundamentals. Malls were in third place, up 6%, while we also have no exposure, given our preference for shopping centres, given more attractive valuations and growth in that retail segment. The weakest-performing sector was data centres, down 9%, and we remain underweight under the threat of massive supply driven by non-property companies, and complexities resulting from power issues and technological uncertainties. Storage was the second weakest, down 1%, where we also remain underweight given weak fundamentals as occupancies trended down.

The best-performing stocks in our portfolio for the month were Australian storage REIT, National Storage, up 18% as a bid was announced to acquire the company. US senior housing stock Welltower was second, up 15%, as demand for senior housing continues to grow. Japanese developer Mitsubishi Estate was third, up 11%, given strong Tokyo office fundamentals. At the opposite end of the spectrum, the weakest-performing stock was US data centre stock, Equinix, down 11%, for reasons mentioned above, followed by US life science stock Alexandria, down 8%, as they are expected to cut dividends. In third place, UK student housing stock, Unite Group, was down 6% as investor concerns over student demand continue to dog the stock.

Going into 2026, we believe that the relative defensiveness of property stocks will be useful. Valuations for this sector are fair, as opposed to stretched for the market as a whole. Property stock dividend yields are 2.5x those for the overall market, an all-time high. We remain focused on companies with quality management and assets, growth and solid fundamentals. We look forward to the new year and wish you all the best for the festive period.

**Commentary is based on USD returns, Net of investment charges, as at close of US markets (16h00 EST) on the last trading day of the month. This may differ from ZAR returns, which are shown net of investment charges, as at 15h00 CAT on the last trading day of the month.*



Glossary

Annualised Performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest Performance: The highest and lowest performance for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Current Yield: Annual income (interest or dividends) divided by the current price of the security.

Alpha: Denotes the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

Sortino Ratio: A measure of the risk-adjusted return of a portfolio. It is a modification of the Sharpe ratio but only penalises the returns falling below a user specified target, or required rate of return, while the Sharpe ratio penalises both upside and downside volatility equally.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month.

% Positive Month: The percentage of months since inception where the Fund has delivered positive return.

Total Expense Ratio (TER): The Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product.

Performance fee incl. in TER (%) PF (%): The Performance Fee is a payment made to the Fund Manager for generating outperformance and is generally calculated as percentage of outperformance, often both realized and unrealized.

Transaction Costs (TC): The Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the net asset value of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product.

Total Investment Charges TIC (%) = TER (%) + TC (%): The Total Investment Charges (TIC), the TER + the TC, is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product. It should be noted that a TIC is the sum of two calculated ratios (TER+TC).

Specific Risk

Default Risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives Risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

Developing Market (Excluding SA) Risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

Foreign Investment Risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest Rate Risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

% Property Risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Currency Exchange Risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Geographic / Sector Risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative Counterparty Risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

Liquidity Risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.

Equity Investment Risk: Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Disclosure

The portfolio has adhered to its object and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio during the quarter.

Risk Indicator Definition

This portfolio is permitted to invest in foreign securities which, within portfolios, may have additional material risks, depending on the specific risks affecting that country, such as: potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds; macroeconomic risks; political risks; foreign exchange risks; tax risks; settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. Investors are reminded that an investment in a currency other than their own may expose them to a foreign exchange risk.

Disclaimer

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate.

CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

A Feeder Fund is a portfolio that invests in a single portfolio of a collective investment scheme which levies its own charges, and which could result in a higher fee structure for the feeder fund.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third party named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds; macro economic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 13:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.fairtree.com

Management Company: Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd., **Registration number:** 2002/022560/07 **Physical address:** Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto Close, Westlake, 7945 **Postal address:** PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966 **Telephone number:** 0800 111 899 **E-mail:** info@prescient.co.za **Website:** www.prescient.co.za

Trustee: Nedbank Investor Services, **Physical address:** 2nd Floor, 16 Constantia Boulevard, Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort, 1709 **Telephone number:** +27 11 534 6557 **Website:** www.nedbank.co.za

The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and Investments SA.

Investment Manager: Fairtree Asset Management (Pty) Ltd. **Registration number:** 2004/033269/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (25917) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision. **Physical address:** Willowbridge Place, Cnr. Carl Cronje and Old Oak Road, Bellville, 7530 **Postal address:** PO Box 4124, Tygervalley, 7536 **Telephone number:** +27 86 176 0760 **Website:** www.fairtree.com