A1 SHARE CLASS

30 APRIL 2026

# STONEHAGE FLEMING GROWTH PRESCIENT FUND

MINIMUM DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT & GENERAL INVESTOR REPORT

28 REGULATION 28 COMPLIANT | STRATEGICALLY MANAGED ASSET ALLOCATION | TALENTED ACTIVE MANAGERS | EFFICIENT PASSIVE EXPOSURES | LONG-TERM OPPORTUNITIES

TO PRESERVE CAPITAL IN THE MEDIUM TERM AND TO ACHIEVE CAPITAL GROWTH IN REAL TERMS OVER THE LONGER TERM.

## INVESTMENT POLICY

A portfolio of domestic and global long-term investment opportunities, including talented active managers, passive strategies, and direct securities. The fund may invest in other funds as well as listed and unlisted securities, both domestically and offshore. Allowable investments as well as position size and asset allocation will conform to the parameters of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act and Regulation 28 of the Pension Fund Act.

## SINCE INCEPTION PERFORMANCE


**37.64%** Fund 44.44% Benchmark

## HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

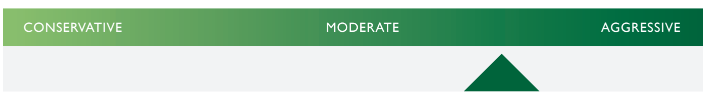
| % | 1m | 3m | 6m | YTD | 1y | Since Inception (Ann) | Since Inception (Cum) | Rolling 12-month return Max | Rolling 12-month return Min |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fund | 3.13 | 0.81 | 3.13 | 1.96 | 13.71 | 11.26 | 37.64 | 18.61 | 8.71 |
| Benchmark | 3.30 | -0.28 | 4.17 | 1.75 | 17.54 | 13.06 | 44.44 | 23.07 | 7.60 |

Performance for periods longer than 1-year are annualised.

## IMPLEMENTATION

77.95% Third Party Active Managers

22.05% Passive / Direct




Generally, moderate-aggressive portfolios hold more equity exposure than lower risk profiled portfolios. These portfolios therefore tend to carry more volatility. Expected potential long-term returns could be higher than other risk profiles, in turn potential losses of capital could be higher.

## DISCLOSURE

**Past performance is not a guide to future performance.** The portfolio has adhered to its investment policy and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio.

## FUND INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Portfolio manager | Stonehage Fleming Investment Management (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd |
| Fund classification | ASISA South Africa Multi Asset High Equity |
| Benchmark | ASISA SA MA High Equity Category Average |
| Fund size (ZAR m) | 1,047.88 |
| Valuation time | 17:00 |
| Transaction time | 13:00 |
| Portfolio currency | ZAR |

## SHARE CLASS INFORMATION

| | |
|---|---|
| ISIN | ZAE000321238 |
| Ticker | LMAPA1 |
| Inception date | 2 May 2023 |
| Number of units | 77,241,701.64 |
| Unit price (ZAc) | 129.99 |
| Minimum lump sum | R 10,000.00 |
| Minimum monthly debit order | R 500.00 |
| Distribution frequency | Annually |
| Distribution date | 31 March |
| Latest distribution (cpu)* | 2.08 |

## FEE BREAKDOWN

| | |
|---|---|
| Management fee | 0.98% (ex VAT) |
| Total expense ratio (TER) | 1.86% |
| Transaction cost (TC) | 0.17% |
| Total investment charge (TIC) | 2.03% |

## TOP LOOK THROUGH EQUITIES

| Fund | % of Portfolio |
|---|---|
| Naspers Ltd | 1.9 |
| Firstrand Ltd | 1.4 |
| Standard Bank Group Ltd | 1.3 |
| Anglogold Ashanti PLC | 1.3 |
| Prosus NV | 1.1 |
| Gold Fields Ltd | 1.0 |
| Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV | 1.0 |
| Valterra Platinum Ltd | 0.9 |
| Capitec Bank Holdings Ltd | 0.9 |
| British American Tobacco PLC | 0.8 |
| Anglo American PLC | 0.7 |
| Glencore PLC | 0.7 |
| BHP Group Ltd | 0.7 |
| Discovery Ltd | 0.7 |
| Reinet Investments SCA | 0.7 |
| **Total** | **14.98** |

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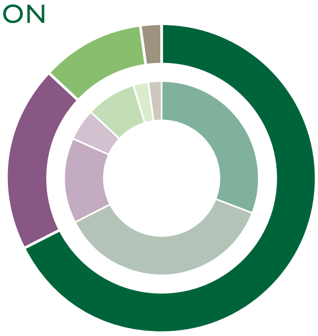
## ASSET ALLOCATION

67.6% Equity
19.6% Fixed Income
10.8% Cash
2.0% Commodities



2.0% Gold
2.6% Offshore Cash
8.2% Domestic Cash
5.3% Offshore Fixed Income
14.3% Domestic Fixed Income

30.9% Domestic Equity
36.7% Offshore Equity

## EQUITY SECTOR EXPOSURE (%)

| | |
|---|---|
| Financial Services | 18.7 |
| Basic Materials | 13.7 |
| Consumer Cyclical | 14.7 |
| Real Estate | 10.2 |
| Technology | 9.2 |
| Industrials | 8.7 |
| Consumer Defensive | 7.9 |
| Healthcare | 7.7 |
| Communication Services | 5.5 |
| Energy | 3.2 |
| Utilities | 0.5 |

## EQUITY REGIONAL EXPOSURE (%)

| | |
|---|---|
| Africa/Middle East | 39.0 |
| North America | 27.5 |
| Europe Developed | 12.3 |
| United Kingdom | 8.4 |
| Japan | 4.2 |
| Asia Developed | 3.1 |
| Australasia | 1.8 |
| Asia Emerging | 1.5 |
| Latin America | 1.4 |
| Europe Emerging | 0.8 |

## EQUITY STYLE EXPOSURE (%)

| | |
|---|---|
| Large Core | 22.3 |
| Large Growth | 20.1 |
| Large Value | 14.1 |
| Mid Core | 10.0 |
| Mid Value | 9.8 |
| Mid Growth | 9.3 |
| Small Core | 6.0 |
| Small Value | 6.0 |
| Small Growth | 2.2 |

## QUARTERLY FUND COMMENTARY (AS OF Q1 2026)

South African assets entered 2026 against a notably improved domestic macroeconomic backdrop. Economic growth was gaining momentum, inflation was easing comfortably within the South African Reserve Bank's newly adopted 3% inflation target, fiscal credibility continued to strengthen, and reform momentum became increasingly visible. Early quarter data reinforced the view that recent policy discipline and structural reform efforts were beginning to translate into more stable macro conditions, supporting positive sentiment across local asset markets.

This constructive narrative was disrupted late in the quarter by a sharp escalation in geopolitical tensions between the United States and Iran. The resulting surge in oil prices introduced an externally driven inflation shock, materially altering the outlook for growth, inflation, monetary policy and asset pricing. Rising fuel and energy costs increased downside risks to domestic growth by eroding household purchasing power, compressing corporate margins and dampening investment appetite. Elevated oil prices also weakened South Africa's external position, while highlighting the limited fiscal headroom available to absorb sustained fuel price pressures.

Inflation dynamics shifted decisively as the oil shock filtered through expectations. While headline inflation had tracked comfortably within the SARB's target range earlier in the quarter, higher fuel costs are now expected to push inflation higher and keep it elevated for longer than previously anticipated. Reflecting this shift, market pricing moved away from expectations of interest rate cuts towards the possibility of a more restrictive policy stance, as the SARB prioritises preserving inflation credibility and anchoring expectations.

Local bond markets reflected this reassessment. During January and February, yields declined modestly across the curve, extending the momentum from the sharp rally at the end of the prior quarter as inflation eased and expectations for policy easing firmed. This dynamic reversed sharply in March following the oil price shock, with yields rising decisively across the curve as investors demanded higher compensation for inflation risk and duration exposure. Despite South Africa's improved fiscal position providing some buffer, these positives were outweighed by the inflation impulse and heightened sensitivity to tighter global financial conditions.

Equity markets also experienced a clear regime shift during the quarter. Early gains, supported by improving domestic sentiment and rising geopolitical risk, were reversed as the conflict evolved into an oil driven inflation shock. Gold initially benefited from safe haven demand but sold off sharply in March as global real rate expectations rose, and the US dollar strengthened. Platinum Group Metals producers also came under pressure as higher energy costs, global growth concerns and uncertainty around auto demand weighed on earnings prospects and valuation multiples. More broadly, investors rotated away from cyclical and domestically exposed sectors, with retailers, industrials and transport companies under pressure from rising input costs and deteriorating real income assumptions.

Looking across the portfolio, offshore allocations proved relatively resilient, with resources exposure providing a buffer to returns and the Japan allocation contributing positively over the quarter despite weakness in March. By contrast, growth-oriented managers and emerging-market strategies lagged as global risk appetite deteriorated. Offshore fixed income benefited from a stronger US dollar and heightened risk aversion, while the US TIPS allocation was supported by rising inflation expectations. Locally, South African equities faced pressure during the March risk-off episode; however, all SA equity managers outperformed the JSE All Share Index through the sell-off, highlighting effective active positioning. Resource-tilted managers continued to benefit from strong commodity momentum earlier in the quarter, although some of these gains were partially reversed in March.

Overall, while South Africa entered 2026 with improving domestic fundamentals, the quarter highlighted the economy's vulnerability to external shocks. Against this backdrop, portfolio positioning remains focused on diversification, disciplined risk management and capital preservation, ensuring resilience across a range of potential outcomes as markets navigate a more volatile and externally driven environment. While risks persist, our portfolio is positioned to navigate a range of scenarios, maintaining a focus on capital preservation and long-term value for clients.

## FUND MANAGER

BRYN HATTY, CA(SA), CFA

Bryn is the Chief Investment Officer for Stonehage Fleming Investment Management in South Africa and is responsible for the leadership and development of the domestic investment offering. Prior to joining Stonehage Fleming, he worked as a Portfolio Manager at Old Mutual Investment Group. During this time, he managed a range of portfolios including hedge funds, long-only absolute returns funds as well as an equity fund. He also has a number of years' experience doing structuring for South African institutional and corporate clients. Bryn served on the Financial Derivatives Advisory Committee for the South African Futures Exchange (SAFEX) for over 10 years. He is a qualified Chartered Accountant as well as a CFA charterholder and studied Business Science at the University of Cape Town.

## DEPUTY FUND MANAGER

JAN-DAAN VAN WYK, CFA

JD is a Senior Research Analyst within the Stonehage Fleming Investment Management team and permanent member of the Investment Committee, responsible for developing and implementing investment strategy. He focusses on economic and market research as well as manager selection and portfolio construction. Prior to joining Stonehage Fleming, JD worked at an M&A Advisory consultancy, and as a finance lecturer before that. He studied Investment Management at the University of Johannesburg and is a CFA charterholder. JD was a Board Member of the CFA Society of South Africa from 2018 to 2024.

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## GLOSSARY SUMMARY

**Annualised Performance:** Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1-year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

**Highest & Lowest Return:** The highest and lowest returns for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

**NAV:** The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

**Alpha:** Denoted the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

**Sharpe Ratio:** The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

**Standard Deviation:** The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

**Max Drawdown:** The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

**Max Gain:** Largest increase in any single month

## FUND SPECIFIC RISKS

**Default Risk:** The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

**Interest Rate Risk:** The value of fixed income investments (e.g., bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

**Derivatives Risk:** The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

**Derivative Counterparty Risk:** A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

**Property Risk:** Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional, and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

**Geographic / Sector Risk:** For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

**Equity Investment Risk:** Value of equities (e.g., shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g., bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

## IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long-term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third-party-named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 13:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.prescient.co.za.

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Management Company: Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd. This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

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The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002), Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and Investments South Africa.

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