

PRESCIENT GLOBAL BALANCED FUND (B)

MINIMUM DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT

INVESTMENT AND RETURN OBJECTIVE

The Fund aims to achieve long term capital growth appreciation over a full market cycle by maintaining meaningful exposure to growth assets like equities.

INVESTMENT PROCESS

The Fund invests in a diversified portfolio of global equity securities, debt and debt-related securities, money market instruments and global currencies. The Fund can invest directly or indirectly (through the use of Regulated Funds or derivatives) in these asset classes.

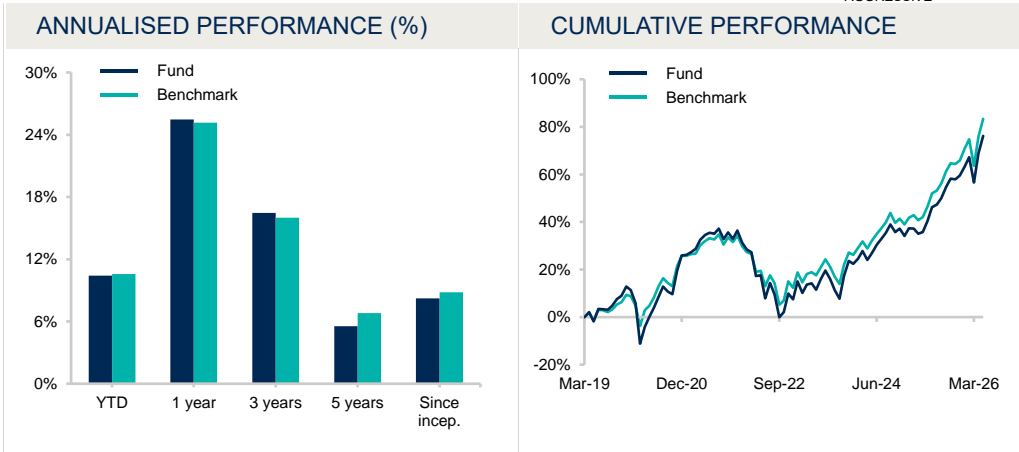
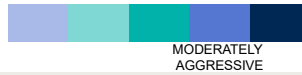
WHO SHOULD INVEST

Investors seeking capital growth and a hedge against Rand depreciation by having exposure to a diversified mix of offshore assets. The Fund is suitable for investors with a medium to long-term investment horizon.

RISK INDICATOR DEFINITION

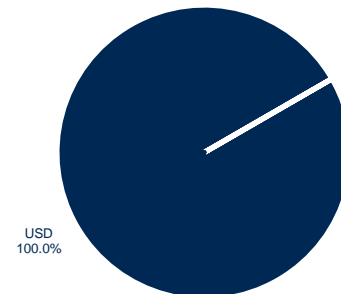
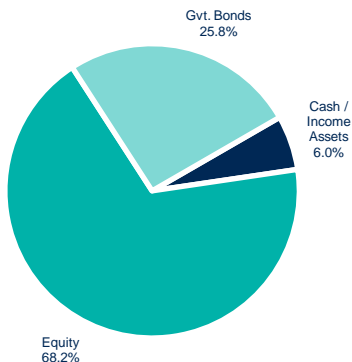
These portfolios typically exhibit more volatility and potential for capital losses due to higher exposure to equities and exposure to offshore markets where currency fluctuations may result in capital losses. These portfolios typically target returns in the region of 5% - 6% above inflation over the long term.

RISK INDICATOR



ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)			RISK AND FUND STATS		
	Fund	Benchmark	Since inception (p.a.)		
			Fund	Benchmark	
1 year	25.46	25.16	Alpha	-0.60%	
3 years	16.45	15.99	Sharpe Ratio	0.38	0.54
5 years	5.54	6.79	Standard Deviation	14.19%	11.29%
Since incep.	8.22	8.82	Max Drawdown	-27.23%	-21.96%
Highest rolling 1 year	44.86	31.65	Max Gain	9.07%	7.58%
Lowest rolling 1 year	-24.78	-19.99	% Positive Months	62.79%	63.95%

ASSET ALLOCATION		CURRENCY EXPOSURE	
Equity	68.2%	USD	100.0%
Gvt. Bonds	25.8%		
Cash / Income Assets	6.0%		



Prescient

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

31 MAY 2026

ABOUT THE FUND

Fund Manager:
Prescient Balanced Team

Fund Classification:
EAA USD Moderate Allocation

Legal Structure:
UCITS

Benchmark:
40% MSCI World Index
30% US Treasuries
25% MSCI Emerging Market Index
5% US Cash

Bloomberg Code:
PGPGBFB ID

ISIN:
IE00BK0T9P40

Fund Size:
\$142.2 m

No of Units:
58,837

Unit Price (cpu):
1,663.40

Inception Date:
31 March 2019

Minimum Investment:
\$1 000
*(this is a restricted class, prior approval from directors required.)

Initial Fee:
0.00%

Annual Management Fee:
0.50% (no VAT)

Fee Class:
B

(All performance figures are net of TIC)

Fee Breakdown:	
Management Fee	0.50%
Performance Fees	0.00%
Other Fees*	0.25%
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.75%

*Other fees includes underlying fee (where applicable): Audit Fees, Custody Fees and Trustee Fees

Income Distribution:
Does not distribute

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FUND MONTHLY RETURNS

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD
2019				2.10%	-3.80%	5.38%	-0.15%	-0.34%	1.77%	2.64%	1.22%	3.64%	12.86%
2020	-1.36%	-4.85%	-16.13%	7.99%	4.28%	3.77%	4.62%	3.85%	-1.89%	-0.95%	9.07%	5.30%	11.56%
2021	0.25%	0.77%	1.17%	2.99%	1.53%	0.65%	-0.28%	1.66%	-3.26%	2.06%	-1.92%	2.57%	8.30%
2022	-3.67%	-2.19%	-0.98%	-7.77%	0.23%	-8.21%	5.94%	-4.14%	-8.86%	2.23%	7.57%	-2.21%	-21.21%
2023	7.06%	-4.20%	3.11%	0.59%	-2.35%	4.00%	3.04%	-3.07%	-3.89%	-3.20%	8.82%	5.42%	15.13%
2024	-1.04%	1.77%	2.65%	-3.02%	2.32%	2.75%	1.83%	2.08%	2.53%	-2.29%	1.10%	-2.32%	8.39%
2025	2.43%	-0.12%	-1.56%	0.54%	3.45%	4.10%	0.72%	1.90%	3.15%	2.22%	-0.13%	0.99%	19.03%
2026	2.36%	2.41%	-6.38%	7.79%	4.37%								10.42%

Source: Performance calculated by Prescient Fund Services verified by the FSP
Date: 31 May 2026

FUND COMMENTARY

The Iran war that began with US and Israeli strikes on 28 February 2026 continued to dominate the global macro landscape through May, with energy markets the primary transmission channel into inflation, growth, and policy. Brent crude, which spiked above \$120 a barrel at war onset, traded in a wide range through May on intermittent de-escalation rumours but had returned to hover around \$100 a barrel by month-end with the Strait of Hormuz still largely closed. The underlying picture has deteriorated rather than improved: the International Energy Agency (IEA) reported on 13 May that the cumulative shortfall in Gulf oil deliveries since the conflict began had reached roughly one billion barrels. That gap has so far been absorbed by reduced demand, non-Gulf production increases, and a 250-million-barrel drawdown in global inventories.

European policy responses have begun to crystallise too: on 27 May Germany's state-owned Securing Energy for Europe (SEFE) signed an LNG agreement for up to 1 million tonnes per year from Canada's Ksi Lisims project - equivalent to roughly one-eighth of Germany's 2025 LNG imports - even as Berlin halved its 2026 GDP growth forecast to 0.5% on Iran-linked energy shocks. Alongside this, Germany's Economy Minister travelled to Beijing calling for a "trusting and open exchange", with explicit discussions on energy security, reliable access to critical minerals and supply channels firms can rely on - a signal that Berlin's response to the energy shock now runs through both diversification away from the Gulf and securing alternatives manufacturing-input channels with China.

Pulling these threads together, the Iran war has moved from a transient supply shock to a sustained input across global inflation, growth and policy. Its transmission is visible at every layer. Central banks are responding differently to the same shock: the SARB has hiked into a weak labour market, the IMF prefers the BoE to hold, and the BOJ is materially downgrading growth while raising its CPI forecast. The binding question for the months ahead is how long the Strait of Hormuz stays constrained - each additional month extends the inflation tail, narrows central-bank optionality, and shifts the conversation from energy prices toward embedded second-round effects.

Developed market equities were up +4.55% and Emerging Market Equities up +9.69%, while US treasuries were flat.

The fund was up strongly this month largely due to the continued recovery in developed and emerging market equities.

The Fund currently holds a negative view on developed market equities and emerging market equities.

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GLOSSARY

Annualised performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest performance: The highest and lowest performance for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Current Yield: Annual income (interest or dividends) divided by the current price of the security.

CPU: Cents Per Unit to the Glossary

Alpha: Denotes the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month.

% Positive Month: The percentage of months since inception where the Fund has delivered positive return.

Fund Specific Risks

Default Risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

Developing Market (excluding SA) risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

Foreign Investment risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest rate risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

% Property risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Currency exchange risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Geographic / Sector risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative counterparty risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

Liquidity risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.

Equity investment risk: Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Information Disclosure

The portfolio has adhered to its policy objective and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio during the quarter.

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DISCLAIMER

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long-term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs(TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction cost are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

Where a current yield has been included for Funds that derive its income primarily from interest bearing income, the yield is a weighted average yield of all underlying interest bearing instruments as at the last day of the month. This yield is subject to change as market rates and underlying investments change.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third-party-named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient Global Funds ICAV by or before 10h00 (Irish Time), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at 17h00 (New York Time). Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

The Fund is registered and approved under section 65 of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act 45 of 2002.

Please refer to <https://www.prescient.co.za/data-and-price-information-service-provider-disclaimer> for all Data and Price Information Source Disclaimers.

For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.prescient.co.za

CONTACT DETAILS

Management Company:

Prescient Fund Services (Ireland) Ltd, **Registration number:** 462620 **Physical address:** 35 Merrion Square East Dublin 2, Ireland **Postal address:** 33 Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2, Ireland **Telephone number:** 00 353 1 676 6959 **E-mail:** info@prescient.ie **Website:** www.prescient.ie

Trustee:

NORTHERN TRUST FIDUCIARY SERVICES (IRELAND) LIMITED, **Physical address:** Georges Court, 54 - 62 Townsend Street, Dublin 2, Ireland **Telephone number:** +353 1 542 2000 **Website:** www.northerntrust.com

Investment Manager:

Prescient Investment Management (Pty) Ltd, Registration number: 1998/023640/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (FSP 612) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (N0.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision. **Physical address:** Block B, Silverwood, Silverwood Lane, Steenberg Office Park, Tokai, 7945 **Postal address:** PO Box 31142, Tokai 7966 **Telephone number:** +27 21 700 3600 **Website:** www.prescient.co.za

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