



**Investment Objective**

The Fairtree Global Emerging Markets Prescient Feeder Fund is an actively managed global equity fund. The objective of the fund is to offer long term capital growth by investing in emerging equity markets or in companies that derive a significant portion of their revenue in emerging economies. The portfolio is constructed in a diversified manner and aims to provide returns above the index.

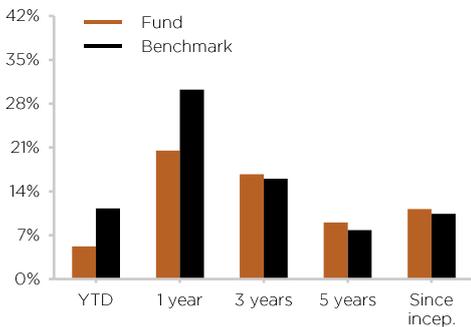
**Investment Policy**

The objective of the Fairtree Global Emerging Markets Prescient Feeder Fund is to provide investors with long term capital growth by investing primarily in large and mid-cap stocks within emerging equity markets, or in companies that derive a significant portion of their revenue, profits or asset base from emerging economies. Our investment philosophy is to buy quality companies, that are growing earnings, at attractive valuations below intrinsic value. In order to achieve this objective, the portfolio uses a quantitative screening process, based on various factors, to identify the most attractive opportunities. Fundamental research is then performed to determine the inclusion and sizing of positions.

**RISK INDICATOR**

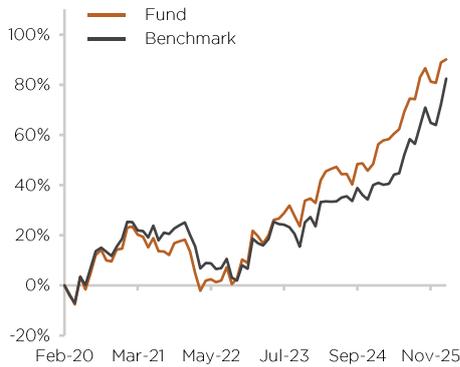


**ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)**



Source: Performance calculated by Prescient Fund Services verified by the FSP Date: 28 February 2026

**CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE**



**ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)**

	Fund	Benchmark
1 year	<b>20.49</b>	30.25
3 years	<b>16.71</b>	16.01
5 years	<b>9.03</b>	7.82
Since incep.	<b>11.18</b>	10.42
Highest rolling 1 year	<b>30.17</b>	31.09
Lowest rolling 1 year	<b>-18.68</b>	-16.91

All performance figures are net of fees.

**RISK AND FUND STATS**

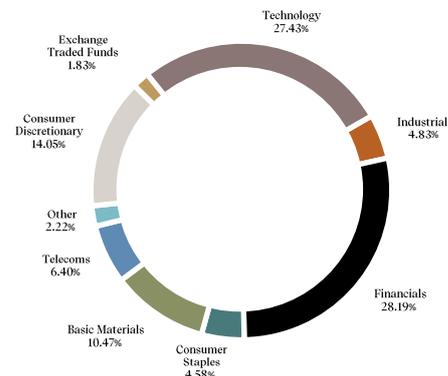
Since inception (p.a.)	Fund	Benchmark
Alpha	<b>0.76%</b>	
Sharpe Ratio	<b>0.37</b>	0.38
Sortino Ratio	<b>0.70</b>	
Information Ratio	<b>0.06</b>	
Standard Deviation	<b>13.80%</b>	12.97%
Max Drawdown	<b>-20.77%</b>	-18.62%
Max Gain	<b>12.06%</b>	11.20%
% Positive Months	<b>61.64%</b>	52.05%

Benchmark risk statistics for funds with intra-month inceptions dates are calculated using the monthly return series.

**ASSET ALLOCATION (%)**

	S.A	Foreign	Total
Equity	17.21	80.16	<b>97.37</b>
Cash	0.95	1.08	<b>2.03</b>
Property	0.00	0.60	<b>0.60</b>
Total	18.16	81.84	<b>100.00</b>

**EQUITY SECTOR EXPOSURE**



**FUND INFORMATION**

**Fund Manager:**

Cornelius Zeeman and Jacques Haasbroek

**Fund Classification:**

Global - Equity - General

**Benchmark:**

MSCI Emerging Markets Index TR Net Index (ZAR)

**JSE Code:**

FGMPA1

**ISIN Number:**

ZAE000281507

**Regulation 28 Compliant:**

N/A

**Fund Size:**

R852.6 m

**No of Units:**

123,192,296

**Unit Price:**

182.23

**Inception Date:**

February 2020

**Minimum Investment:**

R50 000 lump-sum  
R1 000 per month

**Initial Fee:**

0.00%

**Annual Management Fee:**

1.00% (excl. VAT)

**Performance Fee:**

15% outperformance over the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, with a high-water mark. Capped at 1.00% (excl VAT).

**Fee Class:**

A1

**Fee Breakdown:**

Management Fee	1.00%
Performance Fees	0.35%
Other Fees*	0.37%
<b>Total Expense Ratio</b>	<b>1.72%</b>
<b>Transaction Costs</b>	<b>0.72%</b>
<b>Total Investment Charge</b>	<b>2.44%</b>

\*Other fees includes underlying fee (where applicable): Audit Fees, Custody Fees, Trustee Fees and VAT

TIC Fees are calculated in respect of 12 months ending before 31 December 2025

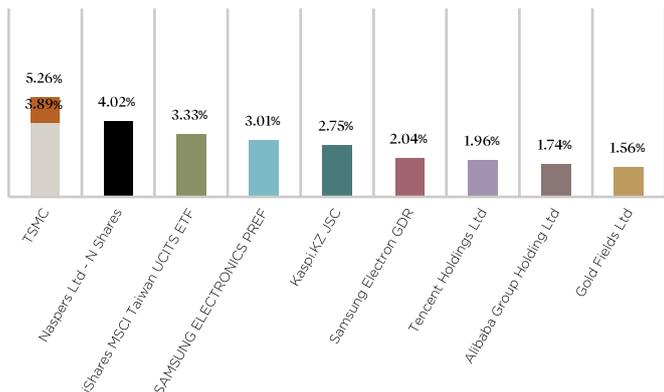
Please note that the fund's name changed from Fairtree Global Emerging Markets Prescient Fund to Fairtree Global Emerging Markets Prescient Feeder Fund effective 23 January 2026.

**Income Distribution:**

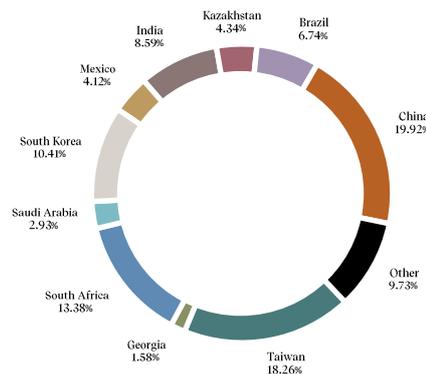
31 March 2025 - 2.35 cpu



TOP 10 HOLDINGS



COUNTRY EXPOSURE



FUND MONTHLY RETURNS

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD
2020		-3.55%	-4.21%	12.06%	-5.01%	6.63%	6.94%	1.82%	-3.69%	-0.33%	4.21%	0.39%	14.67%
2021	7.31%	0.30%	-2.56%	-0.75%	-3.49%	3.15%	-4.33%	-0.11%	-1.22%	4.20%	0.61%	0.58%	3.13%
2022	-4.03%	-7.62%	-6.73%	4.19%	0.49%	-1.06%	0.63%	5.29%	-6.29%	2.11%	7.40%	-1.25%	-7.90%
2023	11.85%	-1.82%	-2.47%	2.93%	5.05%	0.43%	1.72%	2.29%	-3.15%	-3.21%	8.32%	0.65%	23.66%
2024	-1.30%	6.74%	2.55%	0.65%	0.58%	-2.04%	0.11%	-2.90%	5.85%	0.12%	-1.94%	1.80%	10.17%
2025	5.33%	0.97%	0.30%	1.39%	1.13%	4.30%	3.12%	-0.16%	4.99%	1.98%	-2.89%	-0.28%	21.78%
2026	4.56%	0.64%											5.22%

MARKET COMMENTARY

The fund returned 0.64% for the month in ZAR, underperforming the benchmark by 3.47%. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index rose 4.11% in ZAR and 5.5% in USD over the month. Within emerging markets, South Korea and Thailand posted strong gains of 23.7% and 20.5%, while China and Saudi Arabia were the main detractors, declining 5.8% and 5.6%, respectively. The MSCI ACWI Index gained 1.29%, where Japan and Australia were the strongest performers, rising 8.6% and 7.6% respectively (figures in USD).

Emerging markets delivered another strong month, with the MSCI Emerging Markets Index rising 5.5% in February, with pronounced divergence in performance on a country level. South Korea and Thailand were the standout performers, advancing 23.7% and 20.5% respectively. In South Korea, equities rebounded sharply, supported by strength in technology and semiconductor stocks alongside the government's market support and corporate value-up programme, which helped improve investor confidence and capital market sentiment. In Thailand, equities delivered strong gains during February, supported by renewed foreign inflows, political clarity following the February general election and an unexpected interest rate cut by the Bank of Thailand aimed at supporting economic growth. By contrast, China was the main detractor, declining 5.8% as investor sentiment toward large internet platform companies weakened. Following a period of strong performance, Chinese technology stocks broadly derated. Weakness in Tencent appears largely sentiment-driven rather than reflective of underlying fundamentals. The ongoing adjustment in China's property market has also continued to weigh on consumer confidence. Households remain cautious and are maintaining elevated savings levels, resulting in a slower recovery in domestic consumption than many had expected. Overall, February performance once again highlighted the continued importance of country specific drivers within emerging markets.

On a sector level, Information Technology was the best-performing sector over the month, where the fund's underweight detracted from relative performance. The fund's overweight holdings in Materials & Consumer Staples added to relative performance, while stock picking in Communication Services added to relative performance. Notable portfolio actions during February included initiating new positions in India through PN Gadgil Jewellers, LTIMindtree and Wipro, while also establishing a position in Credicorp to gain exposure to a high-quality banking franchise in Peru.

Notable contributors to fund performance were positions in TSMC (+111bps absolute and -57bps relative), Samsung (+108bps absolute and -71bps relative) and Goldfields (+24bps absolute and +19bps relative). Notable detractors from performance over the month came from Naspers (-40bps absolute and -35bps relative), Tencent (-35bps absolute and 31bps relative) and Alibaba (-32bps absolute and +21bps relative).

Year-to-date underperformance in the portfolio has been driven primarily by several country and stock-specific factors. The largest contributor was the portfolio's structural underweight to TSMC, together with the strong rally in Korean equities, which have risen by 55% as of the end of February. TSMC represents over 13% of the benchmark, while the portfolio maintains a maximum position limit of 10% per stock, resulting in an unavoidable underweight. Together, the TSMC underweight and the Korean market rally account for more than 100% of the portfolio's relative underperformance year to date.

Stock selection within China detracted approximately 1.1% from performance. This was driven primarily by weakness in Prosus and negative sentiment toward its largest underlying asset, Tencent, alongside a broader derating across Chinese technology stocks. These effects were partly offset by strong contributions from South Africa, where ZAR strength and exposure to resource companies contributed positively to performance, reflecting the portfolio's differentiated positioning within emerging markets.

The fund is overweight in Kazakhstan and South Africa, where we continue to find compelling bottom-up opportunities. Conversely, the fund remains underweight South Korea, India, Taiwan and China, with India and Taiwan continuing to trade at elevated valuations relative to broader emerging market peers.

The Fairtree Global Emerging Markets UCITS Fund was successfully launched on 1 December 2025, providing an offshore entry point for investors. The existing Fairtree Global Emerging Markets Prescient Fund converted into a Rand-based Feeder Fund during February 2026.



### Glossary

**Annualised Performance:** Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

**Highest & Lowest Performance:** The highest and lowest performance for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

**NAV:** The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

**Current Yield:** Annual income (interest or dividends) divided by the current price of the security.

**Alpha:** Denotes the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

**Sharpe Ratio:** The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

**Sortino Ratio:** A measure of the risk-adjusted return of a portfolio. It is a modification of the Sharpe ratio but only penalises the returns falling below a user specified target, or required rate of return, while the Sharpe ratio penalises both upside and downside volatility equally.

**Standard Deviation:** The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

**Max Drawdown:** The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

**Max Gain:** Largest increase in any single month.

**% Positive Month:** The percentage of months since inception where the Fund has delivered positive return.

### Specific Risk

**Default Risk:** The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

**Derivatives Risk:** The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

**Developing Market (excluding SA) Risk:** Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

**Foreign Investment Risk:** Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

**Interest Rate Risk:** The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

**% Property Risk:** Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

**Currency Exchange Risk:** Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

**Geographic / Sector Risk:** For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

**Derivative Counterparty Risk:** A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

**Liquidity Risk:** If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.

**Equity Investment Risk:** Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

### Disclosure

The portfolio has adhered to its object and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio during the quarter.

### Risk Indicator Definition

The Fund will mainly invest in large and mid cap stocks within emerging equity markets, or in companies that derive a significant portion of their revenue, profits or asset base from emerging economies.

### Disclaimer

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate.

CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third party named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macro economic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 13:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

Please refer to <https://www.prescient.co.za/data-and-price-information-service-provider-disclaimer> for all Data and Price Information Source Disclaimers.

For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to [www.fairtree.com](http://www.fairtree.com)

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The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and Investments SA.

**Investment Manager:** Fairtree Asset Management (Pty) Ltd, **Registration number:** 2004/033269/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (25917) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision. **Physical address:** Willowbridge Place, Cnr. Carl Cronje and Old Oak Road, Bellville, 7530 **Postal address:** PO Box 4124, Tygervalley, 7536 **Telephone number:** +27 86 176 0760 **Website:** [www.fairtree.com](http://www.fairtree.com)